# Maximizing HVDC Support for GB Black Start and System Restoration

30<sup>th</sup> October 2019

LCNI Conference, Glasgow







#### The National HVDC Centre at LCNI 2019

The National HVDC Centre is an Ofgem funded simulation and training facility available to support the deployment and de-risking of all GB HVDC schemes.







together with





#### Overview



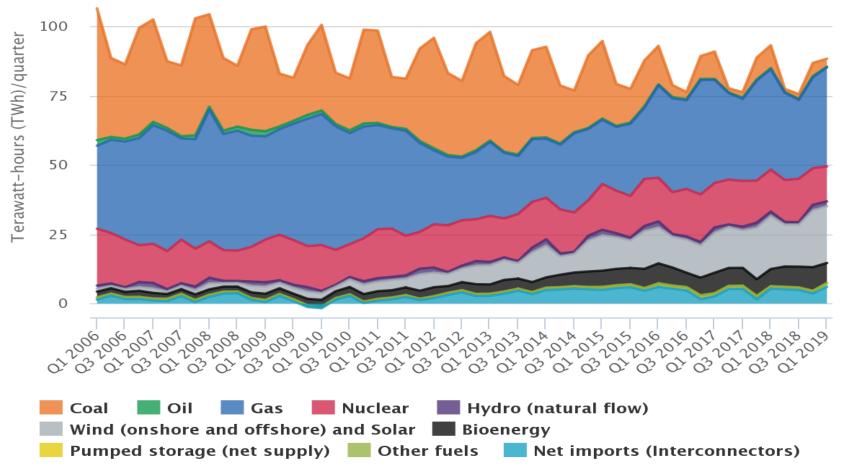
□ Change in GB electricity generation mix and HVDC developments;
 □ Analysis of HVDC performance across GB Black Start and restoration requirements;
 □ Case study of Scotland and North-East England HVDC connections; and
 □ Specific recommendations for maximising HVDC support for GB Black Start.

### Change in GB Electricity Generation Mix



The transition to a low carbon economy is driving changes in the GB electricity system.

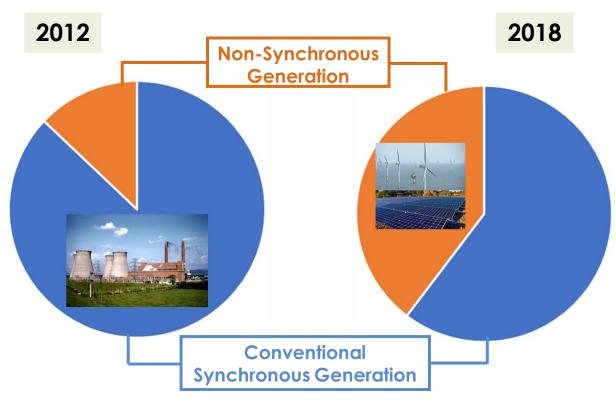
GB Electricity
Generation Mix by
quarter & fuel source
[2006 - 2019]



#### Consequence of Change in GB Generation Mix



- □ 17GW conventional synchronous generation replaced by 31GW low-carbon non-synchronous technologies from 2012 to 2018.
- ☐ Conventional coal & gas power stations typically can Black Start (restart) the grid in the unlikely event of shutdown.
- □ However, declining levels of conventional generation could increase risk of system operation, and Black Start restoration.



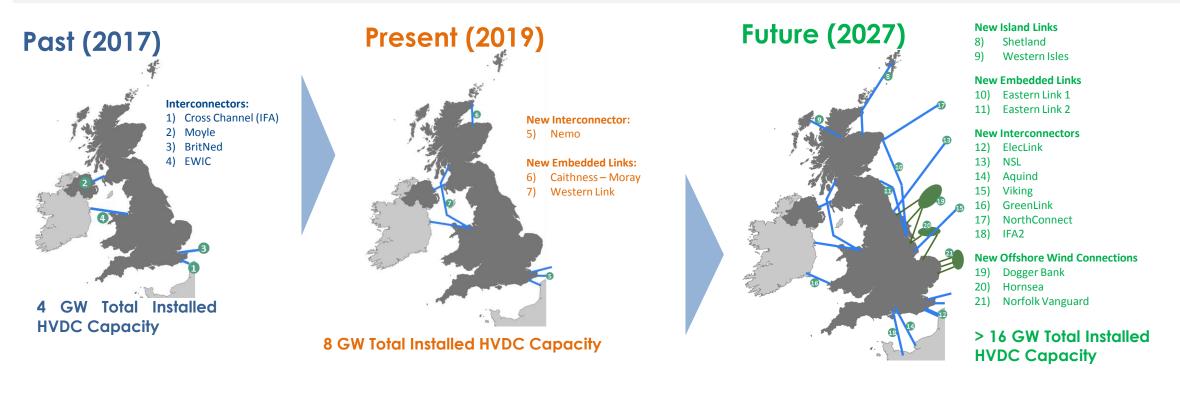
Source: Image. Unknown Author is licensed under <u>CC BY-SA</u>; Chart: based on National Grid ESO Future Energy Scenarios



#### **Development of HVDC Connections in GB**



□ HVDC installed capacity is to increase from 8GW in 2019 to over 16GW by 2027 in GB.



☐ The Scottish Government commissioned The National HVDC Centre to investigate how HVDC can contribute to GB Black Start and restoration.



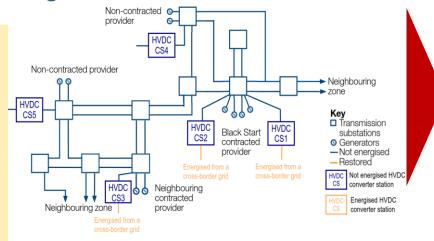
### **HVDC** as part of Black Start and System Restoration



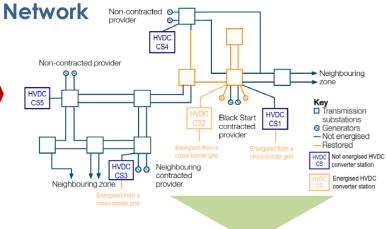
The Main Black Start Stages are:

- ☐ Review & Instruct
- ☐ Start-up & re-energise
- ☐ Establish Power Islands
- ☐ Create Skeletal Network

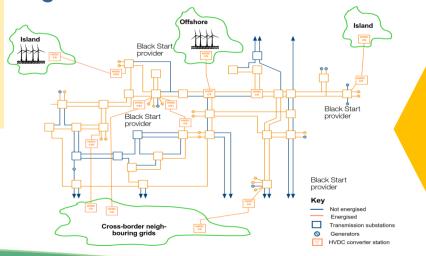
Stage 1. Review and Instruct



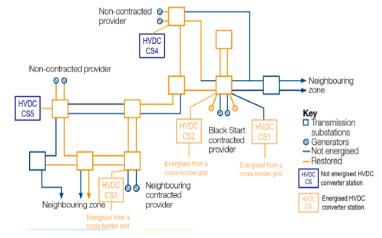
Stage 2. Start-up & Re-energize



Stage 4. Create Skeletal Network



Stage 3. Establish Power Islands



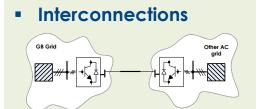
Source: Illustration adapted from 2018 National Grid Product Roadmap - Restoration

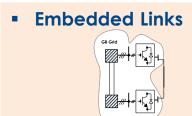


## Analysis of HVDC Capability across Black Start Requirements



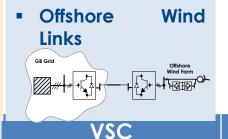
Interconnection suitable for GB Black Start and system restoration

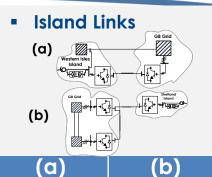




VSC

**LCC** 





Technical Requirements	VSC	LCC
1. Time for HVDC to Start-up & energize part of the network (≤ 2 hours)	Can create AC voltage	Requires strong AC grid or sync. compensation
2. Service Availability (≥90%) of Each Year	> 95%	> 95%
3. Voltage Control Capability	Available	Similar to 1
4. Frequency Control Capability	If controller is implemented	Similar to 1
5. Supply Black Start Service ≥10h	Applicable	Possible if other conditions are met
6. Supply Auxiliary Units ≥72h	Battery & diesel generation available	
7. Block Loading Size (≥ 20 MW)	Fast active power control capability	Possible if 1 is available
8. Reactive Power Capability (≥ 100 MVAr Leading)	Available	Requires reactive compensation
9. Sequential Start-ups (≥ 3 attempts)	Has self-start capability	Possible if other conditions are met

During complete shutdown embedded links cannot participate in early stages of Black Start, but they can contribute to later stages of restoration as part of the transmission system.

Limited by wind availability or local generation and requires an established AC network for self-start.

Offshore >90%; and onshore >95%

Requires strong AC voltage for energizing offshore converter and HVDC circuit.

May require de-loaded operation of wind farm or battery energy storage system.

Requires up to 5% of rated capacity for self-start

Back-up battery and diesel generation available

Possible if all above requirements are met

Possible if requirements for back-energization of offshore converter and HVDC circuit are met.

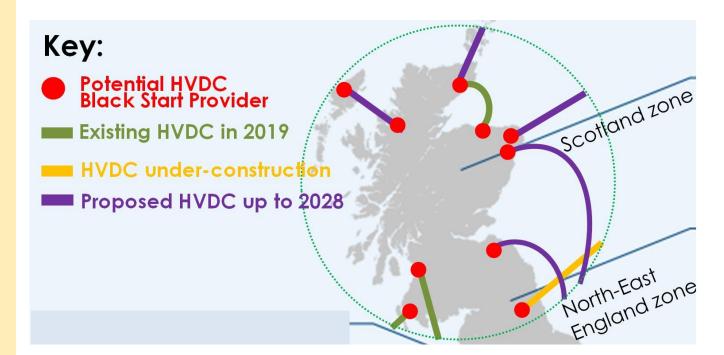
Possible if strong AC voltage is established at terminals

### Case Study of Scotland and North-East England



#### The Centre's study on use of HVDC to restore Scotland & North-East England identifies that:

- 3 existing HVDC schemes in Scotland and North-East England (Moyle, Western Link & Caithness-Moray);
- 4 future links are planned (NSL, NorthConnect, Eastern Links, Shetland & Western Isles); and
- VSC-HVDC interconnectors & links capacity can meet the required Black Start capability, if appropriate controls are implemented.





#### **Specific Recommendations**



In consultation with industry stakeholders, the Centre's study conclusions are linked to:

- ☐ Early specification and design of HVDC Black Start controls;
- □ Combined factory system testing, field demonstration & operator training on HVDC-led Black Start;
- ☐ Use of synchronous compensators to enhance HVDC Black Start capability; and
- ☐ Review of definitions for Black Start technical requirements.



# Thanks for listening.

Any questions, please?

For further information, please visit www.hvdccentre.com

